DRIVE Measurement & Evaluation

ORGANIZATIONAL CAPACITY SURVEY

Survey and Guide





Organizational Capacity Survey

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey.
This survey will take approximately 30 minutes to complete.

Remember...

- there are no right or wrong answers,
- thoughtful and honest responses will provide the most valuable information, and
- your responses to this survey are confidential and will only be shared anonymously.

This survey asks questions about organizational capacity – the processes, management practices, or attributes that enable an organization to fulfill its mission. Please select the answer that best applies to **your organization**.





Part 1 Aspirations

Aspirations: The power of our vision as a guiding view of the future, and the effectiveness of our mission

1.	Will what we're trying to accomplish inspire others and be of significant benefit? [select one]
	$\ \square$ Vision may not exist; if it does, it is not inspiring or of clear benefit to others
	☐ Vision exists but falls short of reflecting an inspiring view of the future and of articulating a significant benefit for others
	☐ Vision reflects an inspiring view of the future and clearly articulates a benefit to others
	☐ Vision reflects an inspiring view of the future that engages and motivates others outside of the organization to action
	□ Not applicable
	□ Do not know
2.	How strong is our mission? [select one]
	$\hfill \square$ No written mission or limited expression of the organization's reason for existence
	□ Some expression of organization's reason for existence that reflects its value and purpose, but may lack clarity or specificity
	$\ \square$ Clear expression of organization's reason for existence which reflects its values and purposes
	☐ Clear expression of organization's reason for existence which describes an enduring reality that reflects its values and purpose
	□ Not applicable
	□ Do not know



Part 2 Strategy

Strategy: The effectiveness of our organization's theory of change, strength of our strategy, and potential for growth

3.	Is our theory of change based on credible evidence? [select one]	
	☐ Theory of change does not have a sound basis in facts, but may be based rat approaches or specific visions of one or few individuals	her on historical
	Theory of change based on generally held beliefs that impact only the specific exists, but does not reflect the latest thinking on the given topic; fit within the other players and nonprofits is minimally considered	
	Theory of change based on recent evidence from the field and an understand organization's role and opportunity for impact within the landscape of other nonprofits	-
	Theory of change is driven by the latest research and evolves over time as the organization, and broader context evolves to constantly reflect the most imput to advance the organization's mission and vision	
	☐ Not applicable	
	□ Do not know	
4.	Do we have a plan of action to achieve our goal, vision and mission? [select one]	1
	 Strategy is nonexistent, unclear, or incoherent (largely a set of scattered init strategy has no influence over day-to-day behavior, strategy includes no long to build future capacity 	,
	 Strategy exists but is either not clearly linked to mission, vision, and overarch coherence, or is not easily actionable; strategy is not broadly known and has over day-to-day behavior 	
	 Coherent strategy has been developed and is linked to mission and vision, as general goals, but is not fully actionable; strategy is mostly known and day-to partly driven by it 	
	Organization has clear, coherent medium to long-term strategy that is both a linked to overall mission, vision, and driven by strong, overarching goals; stra known and consistently helps drive day-to-day behavior at all levels of organialso includes long-term plan to build future capacity	ategy is broadly
	□ Not applicable	
	□ Do not know	



5.	Do	we have the ability to expand the scope of our operations successfully? [select one]
		Limited understanding of factors needed to scale successfully; track record of unsuccessful expansion; no plan for growth
		Limited understanding of key factors needed to scale successfully (e.g., funding, talent, environmental conditions), minimal plan for growth
		General understanding of key factors needed to scale successfully (e.g., funding, talent, environmental conditions); promising track record of successful expansion in the past, moderate plan for growth
		Clear program-by-program understanding of key factors needed to scale successfully (e.g., funding, talent, environmental conditions); strong track record of successful expansion in the past; developed plan for growth
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 3 Leadership, Staff and Volunteers

Leadership, Staff, and Volunteers: Effectiveness and engagement of leadership, board, staff, and volunteers

6.	Does the leadership team have a healthy enthusiasm for professional growth? [select one]
	 □ No appetite or openness to new ideas and experiences for personal growth □ Limited openness to new ideas and experiences for personal growth □ Seeks new learning and personal development opportunities □ Actively works to better oneself with goal of increased effectiveness; outstanding track record of learning and personal development □ Not applicable □ Do not know
7.	Are members of the leadership team effective interpersonally? [select one]
	 Most team members fail to show respect for others consistently, may be openly judgmental or critical; have difficulty influencing without using power, limited charisma or influence Most team members earn the respect of others; take time to build relationships; have presence; are able to influence and build support using limited set of influencing skill styles Most team members are respected and sought out by others for advice and counsel; have strong presence and charisma; use multiple approaches to get buy-in and appreciate the impact of their words or actions. Most team members are viewed as having outstanding interpersonal skills; use diversity of communication styles, including exceptional charisma, to inspire others and achieve impact; exceptionally self-aware Not applicable Do not know
8.	Does the Board have the needed diversity, expertise, and connections? [select one]
	 Membership with limited diversity in fields of practice, expertise, and background, drawn from a narrow spectrum of constituencies (i.e., only one of nonprofit, academia, corporate, government, etc.); little or no relevant experience Some diversity in fields of practices and backgrounds; membership represents a few different constituencies; includes some local high-profile names whose reputation and connections are valuable to the organization at times Good diversity in fields of practice, expertise, and background; membership represents most constituencies; includes many local high-profile names whose reputation and connections are valuable to the organization at times Membership with broad variety of fields of practices, expertise, and background, and drawn from the full spectrum of constituencies; includes functional and program-related expertise, as well as nationally high-profile names whose reputation and connections are very valuable to the organization.
	□ Not applicable□ Do not know
	LI DO HOL MIOW



9.		our staff diverse in its range of skills needed for given roles (e.g., analytic skills, relationships) d backgrounds? [select one]
		Staff drawn from a narrow range of backgrounds and experiences
		Some diversity of staff backgrounds and experiences
		Staff drawn from diverse backgrounds and experiences; bring a broad range of skills
		Staff drawn from extraordinarily diverse backgrounds and experiences ; bring broad range of skills that are complementary to each other
		Not applicable
		Do not know
10.	Do	we have high quality volunteers? [select one]
		Limited abilities; may be unreliable or have low commitment; volunteers are poorly managed
		Sufficiently capable ; mostly reliable , loyal, and committed to organization's success; volunteers managed but without standards and little accountability
		Very capable set of individuals bringing required skills to the organization; reliable, loyal, and highly committed to organization's success and to "making things happen"; contribute to the organization's overall success, but do not generally play core roles without substantial staff supervision; volunteers are managed and many have long-term involvement in the organization
		Extremely capable set of individuals who bring complementary skills to organization; reliable, loyal, and highly committed to organization's success and "making things happen"; many contribute to the organization's overall success and some can play core roles without special supervision; volunteers managed very well and most have sustained involvement in organization
		We do not have volunteers
		Do not know



Staff development, retention, and satisfaction

11.	Do	we develop and retain our staff? [select one]
		Standard career paths in place; very limited or no training, coaching, and feedback opportunities; no regular performance appraisals for staff
		Development plans exist for senior staff and top performers; performance reviews are infrequent and are not well linked to development plans
		Development and retention of key staff is high priority on CEO/ED's agenda; tailored development plans for senior staff and top performers; some training, coaching, and feedback opportunities available for all staff; performance reviews are regular and linked to development plans for all staff
		Well-planned process to develop and retain key managers and other staff; CEO/ED takes active interest in managerial development; individually tailored development plans for most within the organization; relevant and regular internal and external training, job rotation, coaching and feedback; regular performance reviews are institutionalized
		Not applicable
		Do not know
12.		e our people (organization's leadership and staff) satisfied and motivated in their work? elect one]
		Staff often feel underappreciated; employees only do what is required; turnover is generally high across the organization
		Staff are moderately satisfied with the activities that they are involved in and may commit to extra responsibilities during especially critical times ; in cases where dissatisfaction exists, a plan is in place to make necessary improvements
		Staff are generally satisfied and will often go above and beyond in areas of particular interest to them; staff enjoy their day-to-day work and turnover is relatively low
		Staff are consistently willing to go above and beyond what is expected; employees are excited about their day-to-day work; turnover is low and staff speak enthusiastically with others about the organization and their role; a regular process for gathering, reviewing, and acting on employee satisfaction is in place
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 4 Funding

Funding: Funding sustainability and budget management

13.	ls	our funding base sustainable? [select one]
		Funding base is not reliable and has little time commitment to the organization; there is no system in place to hedge against potential market instability; funding base cannot support expanded growth
		Funding base has some short-term commitment to the firm; organization is planning to engage in activities to hedge against market instabilities
		Funding base is somewhat reliable , and has a medium-term commitment to the organization; some early-stage activities to hedge against market instabilities (e.g., endowment, sustainable revenue generating activity) are in place; funding base can likely support expanded growth through networks or ability to increase funding
		Highly reliable funding with long-term commitment to the organization; organization is insulated from potential market instabilities; funding base has and can continue to support expanded growth through networks or ability to increase funding
		Not applicable
		Do not know
14.	Do	we have the technical systems and skills in place to manage our finances? [select one]
		Financial systems have significant gaps in any of the following: financial controls, accounting procedures, or cash flow tracking; financial staff inexperienced or without requisite skills ; expense systems are informal and may be open to abuse
		Basic financial controls in place; standard accounting method that is consistent and relevant, usable chart of accounts that generally meets organizational needs; high-level cash flow tracking; somewhat experienced accounting or financial management staff overseeing financial operations; clear and usable systems for expense reporting to ensure accountability and cost efficiency
		Defined and executed financial controls; standard accounting method that is consistent and relevant, usable chart of accounts relevant to organizational needs; high-level cash flow tracking; somewhat experienced accounting and/or financial management staff overseeing financial operations; clear and usable systems for expense reporting to ensure accountability and cost efficiency
		Well-defined and executed financial controls; standard accounting method that is consistent and relevant, usable chart of accounts relevant to organizational needs; detailed cash flow tracking; experienced accounting and/or financial management staff overseeing financial operations; clear and usable systems for expense reporting to ensure accountability and cost efficiency; training available and given to staff with budgetary responsibility
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 5 Values

Values: Supportiveness of our organizational culture to foster employee performance and impact

15.	Do	individuals have a results orientation across the organization? [select one]
		Organization has vague or low expectations for performance; employees are hired, rewarded, and promoted for executing a set of tasks rather than for impact; decision-making not driven by expected outcomes
		Organization has clear expectations for performance; hiring considers previous performance; rewards and promotions include – but are not primarily driven by – performance; day-to-day processes and decision-making sometimes reference outcomes
		Organization has high expectations for performance; key employees are systematically hired, rewarded, and promoted for their collective contribution; day-to-day processes and decision-making frequently reference outcomes
		Organization has high expectations for performance; all employees are systematically hired, rewarded, and promoted for their collective contribution; day-to-day processes and decision-making constantly reference outcomes
		Not applicable
		Do not know
16.	Ar	e we as an organization creating impact? [select one]
		Organization is not achieving its articulated theory of change
		Organization has seen small progress across specified outcomes, but little progress towards overall theory of change
		Organization is making some progress towards achieving its articulated theory of change and has seen some improvement across specified outcomes
		Organization is achieving its articulated theory of change and regularly sees improvement across specified outcomes
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 6 Learning and Innovation

Learning and Innovation: Capacity to evaluate program performance, analyze data, and adapt and innovate

17.	טט	o we have performance targets in place across activities? [select one]
		Targets are nonexistent or few ; targets are vague , or confusing ; not clearly linked to aspirations and strategy
		Realistic targets exist in some key areas; mostly aligned with aspirations and strategy
		Quantified, aggressive targets in most areas; linked to aspirations and strategy
		Limited set of quantified, genuinely demanding performance targets in all areas; targets are tightly linked aspirations and strategy
		Not applicable
		Do not know
18.	Do	we have capability to analyze data? [select one]
		Little internal analysis is done and insights are borrowed from external sources
		Data gathered or accessed by organization sometimes analyzed if it is not too complex (e.g., staff capabilities, time or resources or appropriate partnerships do not exist) and most new insight for organization come from external sources
		Data gathered or accessed by organization is analyzed up to a medium level of complexity either through internal capacities or partnerships in a way that leads organization to better understand issues
		Data is gathered or accessed by organization is regularly analyzed in as complex of a way as is necessary either through deep internal capacities or strong partnerships in a way that drives significant new insight for organization and field
		Not applicable
		Do not know



19.	Do	we take action based on learning? [select one]
		Limited ability to modify existing or create new programs; programs created largely in response to funding availability
		Some ability to modify existing programs and create new programs primarily driven by unmet needs of recipients and new insights
		Demonstrated ability to modify and fine-tune existing programs and create new programs based on new insights
		Ability and tendency to efficiently and effectively adjust or create new programs to meet the needs of potential service recipients in local area or other geographies that we identify as not being met based on new insights; use open source method to build off model
		Not applicable
		Do not know
20.	Do	we have a track record of developing new ideas and approaches? [select one]
		Organization has ${\bf maintained}$ same approaches for years; new technologies are ${\bf not}$ accessed or incorporated
		Organization has identified some innovative changes at times , but lacks the internal processes to do it systematically or does not prioritize them; follow-through on trying identified innovations is inconsistent ; use of technology keeps pace with other similar organizations
		Have had some success developing new ideas, products or services through internal structures that facilitate building on internal learning and identifying new opportunities or processes and building out new ideas through thought and actual experimentation; use of technology keeps pace with other similar organizations
		Have a strong track-record of developing path-breaking ideas, products or services through well-defined internal processes to build on internal learning and identify new opportunities or processes; relevant new technologies are rapidly incorporated into current approaches or prompt step-changes improvement
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 7 Marketing and Communication

Marketing and Communication: Effectiveness of communication through stories, media, and building brand awareness

21.	Do	we communicate using consistent stories? [select one]
		No stories and anecdotes shared by organization with broader audience
		Few stories and anecdotes shared by organization with broader audience, adopted inconsistently by some members of the organization
		Some stories and anecdotes shared by organization with broader audience, adopted by some members of the organization
		Well-articulated stories and anecdotes adopted by all members of the organization to garner support for cause and consistently shared with broader audience in communications materials
		Not applicable
		Do not know
22.	Do	we use media effectively? [select one]
		Rarely access any type of media in ways that reaches meaningful audiences, though it could significantly push organizational mission forward
		Have sporadic and/or singular ways of accessing media (i.e. only pitch to newspapers or sometimes post messages online), but do not reach meaningful audiences that would be relevant for organizational goals; not done in targeted way using knowledge of audience
		As appropriate for organizational goals, use and access a few different types of relevant media (i.e. mainstream, ethnic, online, social, written, etc) to reach a few relevant audiences (mainstream, ethnic, groups, individual etc) through those media; organization attempts to adjust tactics and sometimes adjust for each media push based on general, but not data-based, sense of audience needs and interests
		As appropriate for organizational goals, regularly use and access multiple types of media (i.e. mainstream, ethnic, online social, written, etc) to reach multiple relevant audiences (mainstream, ethnic, groups, individuals, etc) through those different media; tactics adjust for each media push based on deep understanding of the needs of the audience, including ethnic media with translated messaging, online viral pushes and access to mainstream media when appropriate
		Not applicable
		Do not know



23. Do we build our brand effectively? [select one]

No mechanisms to formulate, nurture, protect or leverage brand; brand is not unique in non-profit space
No formal internal process to manage brand, though reactively work to define it, nurture existing public impression of it and/or protect it; unable to leverage brand either because lack internal skills or brand is damaged
Manage brand of organization (i.e. formulate, nurture or protect) to build or maintain external credibility; work to leverage brand to stimulate interest in organizational objectives, including attracting followers and donors
Actively manage brand of organization (i.e. formulate, nurture and protect) to maintain external credibility; actively leverage brand with strong results from activities stimulating interest in organizational objectives, including attracting followers and donors; brand is unique in non-profit space
Not applicable
Do not know



Part 8 Advocacy

Advocacy: Capacity to support our organizational mission through policy and advocacy work

24.	How well does our organization understand what it will take to be successful objectives? [select one]	in meeting advocacy
	☐ Organization has a vague understanding of the conditions needed to achie objectives (e.g., votes or support needed, commitment from stakeholders related issues that will impact advocacy progress and outcomes with limit the current status of each	and influencers,
	 Organization has a basic understanding of the set of conditions needed to advocacy objectives, the current status of each, and some thinking around to address a few significant barriers 	
	 Organization has clearly articulated the set of conditions needed to achie objectives, the current status of each and proposed strategies to address barriers 	
	 Organization has clearly articulated the set of conditions needed to achie objectives, the current status of each, and multiple forward-looking scena address barriers 	•
	□ Not applicable	
	□ Do not know	
25.	Are there enough people suitably focused on our advocacy work to drive the [select one]	progress we aspire to?
	☐ Staff capacity (number of individuals or amount of individuals' time) come the advocacy objectives (i.e., policy, attitude or behavior change) is insuff fragmented across additional competing priorities to realize the impact deplanning in place	icient and/or too
	☐ Staff capacity committed to driving the advocacy objectives is mostly suf engaged in advocacy are able to give appropriate time to advocacy activit competing priorities; some capacity planning in place	· ·
	☐ Sufficient staff capacity committed to driving the advocacy objectives, three very stretched in peak periods; capacity planning takes place at least annual capacity.	
	☐ Sufficient staff capacity committed to driving the advocacy objectives wit available for peak activity times; capacity planning is scheduled regularly conditions	
	□ Not applicable	
	□ Do not know	



26. Are we able to influence policy? [select one]

Organization does not have ability or is unaware of possibilities for influencing policy-making; never called in on substantive policy discussions
Organization is aware of its possibilities in influencing policy-making; some readiness and skil to participate in policy discussion, but rarely invited to substantive policy discussions
Organization is fully aware of possibilities in influencing policy-making and is one of several organizations active in policy-discussions on local, state or national level
Organization pro-actively and reactively influences policymaking, in a highly effective, sustainable manner, on local state and national levels; always ready for and often called on to participate in substantive policy discussions and at times initiates discussions
Not applicable
Do not know



Part 9 Managing Processes

Managing Processes: Sufficiency of systems and staffing to execute and track work

27.	На	ve we specified our human resource policies? [select one]
		Organization does not have the capacity or policies, formal or informal, in place to deal with workplace challenges (e.g., sexual harassment discrimination), exposing the organization to significant risk
		Organization has some policies but they are not well-documented, shared with or understood by all employees ${\sf S}$
		Organization has well-documented policies covering a range of HR issues that are proactively shared with all employees, readily accessible and are consistently followed by the organization
		Organization has well-documented policies covering a range of HR issues that are proactively shared with all employees, readily accessible and are consistently followed by the organization; resources exist for employees seeking advice or counsel in challenging situations
		Not applicable
		Do not know
28.	Do	we have the right people and resources (e.g., program budget) to run our programs? [select one]
		Number and skill of staff insufficient to operate programs effectively
		Staffing levels for programs are inconsistent (either too lean or over staffed); staff skill sets are generally aligned with the program needs, but often need more training or guidance
		Most programs have an adequate number of staff; staff skill sets are well aligned with the program needs; programs struggle to adjust as staffing needs shift over time
		All programs have adequate number of dedicated staff; the staff skill sets are highly aligned with the program needs and gaps are filled through improved hiring or training; programs plan staffing levels effectively and readily adjust to changing needs
		Not applicable
		Do not know



29.	Do	we manage individual project and overall projects portfolio performance? [select one]
		Limited tracking of performance with most evaluation based on anecdotal evidence; some data on program activities and outputs is collected (e.g., number of children served) but without connection to social impact (measurement of social outcomes, e.g., drop-out rate lowered)
		Each program's performance is tracked according to a general set of metrics; organization regularly collects data on program activities and outputs (e.g., number of children served) but lacks connection to social impact (measurement of social outcomes, e.g., drop-out rate lowered)
		Each program's performance progress is tracked considering social impact and costs; performance indicators in place to judge interim progress; social impact measured, but lacks control group, longitudinal (i.e., long-term) or third-party nature of evaluation is missing
		Each program has a robust set of agreed-upon goals with corresponding targets that shape program design and activities; additional metrics – including impact, process, and cost itemsare in place; social impact measures include control group, longitudinal (i.e., long-term) or third-party input
		Not applicable
		Do not know



Part 10 Organization Infrastructure and Technology

Organization Infrastructure and Technology: Sufficiency of infrastructure and technology to enable our work

30.	Do	our buildings and office space match our needs? [select one]
		Inadequate physical infrastructure, resulting in loss of effectiveness and efficiency (e.g., unfavorable locations for clients and employees, insufficient workspace for individuals, no space for teamwork)
		Physical infrastructure can be made to work well enough to suit organization's most important and immediate needs; a number of improvements could greatly help increase effectiveness and efficiency (e.g., no good office space for teamwork, no possibility of holding confidential discussions, employees share desks)
		Fully adequate physical infrastructure for the current needs of the organization; infrastructure does not impede effectiveness and efficiency (e.g., favorable locations for clients and employees, sufficient individual and team office space, possibility for confidential discussions)
		Physical infrastructure well tailored to organization's current and anticipated future needs; well-designed and thought-out to enhance organization's efficiency and effectiveness (e.g., especially favorable locations for clients and employees, plentiful team office space encourages teamwork, layout increases critical interactions among staff)
		Not applicable
		Do not know
31.	Do	our IT systems enable and advance our work? [select one]
		Limited availability of IT appropriate for organization and/or difficulty getting support to solve IT problems; IT issues generally hinder efficiency and effectiveness of staff
		Solidly equipped at highest levels of organization, but incomplete/limited infrastructure at locations aside from central offices; variable level of IT support across organization; staff efficiency could be improved with better IT infrastructure
		Solid hardware and software infrastructure appropriate for organization accessible by all staff, but not necessarily with best technological options; IT challenges generally solved quickly but not consistent; IT generally contributes to increased efficiency
		As appropriate for organization, the highest quality and quantity of computer hardware, software, networking, connection speed and smart phone or mobile phone available to all staff; IT problems are solved quickly; consistently effective and essential in increasing staff efficiency
		Not applicable
		Do not know



32.	. Do we have a website? [select one]		
		Organization has no individual website	
		Basic website containing general information, but little information on current developments; site maintenance is a burden and performed only occasionally	
		Comprehensive website containing basic information on organization as well as up-to-date developments; most information is organization-specific; easy to maintain and regularly maintained	
		As appropriate for organization, sophisticated, comprehensive, and interactive website, regularly maintained and kept up to date on latest area and organization developments; praised for its user-friendliness and depth of information; includes links to related organizations and useful resources on topics addressed by organization	
		Not applicable	
		Do not know	
33.		es our organization effectively leverage social platforms to disseminate information and nerate support? [select one]	
		None or very limited use of social media platforms (e.g., Facebook and Twitter); Accounts that are rarely updated and with a very small number of followers; Social media used as 1-way "broadcast" of information	
		Some use of social media; accounts are updated at least once a week and have a fair number of followers; social media messages span a range of topics somewhat related to the organization's mission; followers sometimes provide feedback and insight to the organization via social media	
		Frequently updates social media presence on multiple platforms; social media updates reflect the overall mission of the organization; organization has a good number of followers; followers frequently share insight and feedback via social media	
		The organization has a strong presence in the social media space, with an account that is well-followed and updated at least daily. The message of the organization is clearly articulated; social media is used for a broad range of activities including fundraising, and actively soliciting feedback and insight and information distribution	
		Not applicable	
		Do not know	

34. D	o we have database and reporting systems to manage our information? [select one]
	No systems for tracking clients, staff volunteers, program outcomes and financial information
	Electronic databases and management reporting systems exists only in few areas; awkward to use or are used only occasionally by staff
	Electronic databases and management reporting systems exist in most areas for tracking clients, staff, volunteers, program outcomes and financial information; systems are commonly used and help increase information sharing and efficiency
	Sophisticated, comprehensive electronics database and management reporting systems exist for tracking clients, staff, volunteers, program outcomes and financial information; system are widely used and essential in increasing information sharing and efficiency
	Not applicable
	Do not know

Part 11 General Information

35.	Are you.	[select one]		
	☐ Fema ☐ Male ☐ Non- ☐ Othe	binary/non-conforming (a person who does not iden	ntify wit	h any gender)
	35a. Do	you identify as transgender?		
26		Yes No Prefer not to say		
30.	whatis	your race/ethnicity? [select all that apply]		
	☐ Asian☐ Latin☐ Blach☐ White	re American or Alaska Native (if selected, ask 36a) in (if selected, ask 36b) in (a (if selected, ask 36c) is (if selected, ask 36d) ie (if selected, ask 36e) ir (if selected, ask 36f)		
	If you	selected Native American or Alaska N	lative	:
		ease select all of the following American Indian and, ake up part of your identity. [select all that apply]	or Alas	ska Native race/ethnicity categories that
		Aztec		Nome Eskimo Community
		Big Sandy Band of Western Mono Indians		Northern Band of Mono-Yokuts
		Blackfeet Tribe		Picayune Rancheria of
		Chuchansi Tribe		Chukchansi Indians
		Chumash Tribe		Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
		Dumma Tribal Government		Santa Rosa Indian Community of the
		Dumna Wo-Wah Tribal Government		Santa Rosa Rancheria (Tachi Yokuts)
		Hupa Tribe		Sierra Foothill Wuksachi Yokuts Tribe
		Mayan		Table Mountain Rancheria
		Me-Wuk Tribe		Traditional Choinuymni Tribe Tule River Indian Tribe of the
		Miwok Tribe	ш	Tule River Reservation
		North Fork Band of Mono Indians		Wukchumni Council
		Dunlap Band of Mono Indians		Wukshumni Tribe
		(aka Mono Tribal Council of Dunlap) Native Village of Barrow Inupiat Traditional Government		Other [text response]
		Navajo Nation		



If you selected Asian:
36b. Please select all of the following Asian race/ethnicity categories that make up part of your identity. [select all that apply]
□ Chamorro
□ Chinese
□ Filipino
☐ Hmong
□ Japanese
□ Korean
□ Native Hawaiian
□ Punjabi
□ Samoan
□ Vietnamese
Other [text response]
If you selected Latino/a/x:
36c. Please select all of the following Latino/a/x race/ethnicity categories that make up part of your identity. [select all that apply]
□ Argentinian
□ Cuban
☐ El Salvadorian
☐ Guatemalan
☐ Indigenous of Mexico (e.g., Mixteco, Zapoteco)
□ Mexican / Mexican American
□ Nicaraguan
□ Portuguese
□ Puerto Rican
Other [text response]
If you selected Black:
36d. Please select all of the following Black race/ethnicity categories that make up part of your identity. [select all that apply]
□ African American
□ Ethiopian
□ Haitian
□ Jamaican
□ Nigerian
□ Somali
□ Other Itext response



If you selected White:

	36e. Please select all of the following White race/ethnicity categories that make up part of your identity. [select all that apply]
	□ Armenian
	□ Egyptian
	□ English
	□ German
	□ Irish
	□ Lebanese
	Other [text response]
	If you selected Other:
	36f. Please enter any other race/ethnicity categories that weren't previously mentioned that make up part of your identity. [text response]
37.	What is your current residential zip code? [numeric]
38.	Are you a veteran? [select one]
	□ Yes
	□ No
	☐ Prefer not to say
39.	What is your date of birth? (mm/dd/yyyy) [text response]
40.	How many years have you lived in the United States? [numeric]
41.	What is your highest level of education completed? [select one]
	☐ Elementary school to 8 th grade
	□ Some high school, no diploma
	☐ High school graduate, diploma or the equivalent (e.g., GED)
	□ Some college credit, no degree
	□ Trade/technical/vocational training
	□ Associate's degree
	□ Bachelor's degree
	□ Master's degree
	□ Professional degree
	□ Doctorate degree



42.	What is your current job title? [text]
43.	Which DRIVE Initiative is your organization primarily linked with? [select one]
	□ Civic Infrastructure [if selected, please answer question 43a]
	□ Opportunity Corridor
	☐ Fresno's Impact Economy
	□ F3 □ Next Generation Aviation
	□ Betting Big □ Downtown 2.0
	□ Wealth Creation
	□ Community Justice Network □ K-16 Collaborative
	□ Pre-Conception to FIVE
	□ UCSF Fresno School of Medicine
	□ Career Nexus
	□ Permanent Affordable Housing
	2 Termunent Amoradasie Modaling
	43a. Which Civic Infrastructure Hub do you primarily work with? [select one]
	☐ Familias En Accion
	☐ A Hopeful Encounter
	☐ Another Level Training Academy
	☐ Generation Changers
	□ Lowell CDC
	☐ Highway City CDC
	☐ Jackson CDC
	□ Martin Park
	☐ Live Again Fresno
	☐ Friends of Calwa
	☐ Hidalgo CDC
	☐ Intermediary to Civic Infrastructure
44.	What is your name (first and last)? [text]
45 .	What is your email address? [text]
46.	Is there anything else that you'd like to share that we didn't ask about in this survey? [text]



Organizational Capacity Guide





Organizational capacity refers to an organization's "ability to perform work or the enabling factors that allow an organization to perform its functions and achieve its goals." In the non-profit sector, capacity has been defined as the set of processes, management practices, or attributes that enable an organization to fulfill its mission.²

Why measure organizational capacity?

Research shows that organizational capacity (e.g., paid staff and technology) is associated with organizational effectiveness and the ability of nonprofit organizations to meet their goals.3 Nonprofits that engage in capacity building such as learning opportunities, technical assistance, networking, and financial support, have shown increased ability to reduce racial disparities in low-income communities of color.4 The DRIVE theory of change posits that the success of DRIVE's inclusive economic development work depends on the capacity of partnering organizations to understand, represent, and respond to community needs. This survey will help DRIVE initiatives and partner organizations understand their readiness to respond to challenges, achieve desired outcomes, and identify opportunities for growth.

What are we measuring?

This survey assesses the dimensions of organizational capacity set forth in McKinsey's Organizational Capacity Framework and Organizational Capacity Assessment Tool (OCAT) 2.0, designed to help non-profit organizations identify strengths and weaknesses.⁵

The OCAT 2.0 Capacity Framework defines nonprofit capacity using a pyramid of ten domains: aspirations; strategy; leadership, board, and staff; culture and shared values; innovation and adaptation; marketing and communications; advocacy; business processes; and infrastructure and organizational culture.

The 123-item OCAT is available online, open access, in 13 languages. Organizational leaders/staff rate their organization across all ten domains. Respondents are instructed to select one of the provided multiple choice responses for each item. The online OCAT automatically generates results with concrete steps the organization can take to implement smart, effective organizational changes. For the purposes of DRIVE, we have selected 34 DRIVE-relevant items to create an abbreviated version, with items from each of the 10 domains in the OCAT Capacity Framework.

How often should we use this tool to measure organizational capacity?

This survey can be administered on an annual basis. Ideally, this survey would be taken by multiple team members within the organization to get different perspectives, and results would be compared.



¹ Cox, K., Jolly, S., Van Der Staaij, S., & Van Stolk, C. (2018). Understanding the drivers of organisational capacity. Santa Monica: RAND Corporation.

² Eisinger, P. (2002). Organizational capacity and organizational effectiveness among street-level food assistance programs. *Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly*, 31(1), 115-130.

³ Eisinger, P. (2002). Organizational capacity and organizational effectiveness among street-level food assistance programs. *Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly*, *31*(1), 115-130.

⁴ Griffith, D. M., Allen, J. O., DeLoney, E. H., Robinson, K., Lewis, E. Y., Campbell, B., ... & Reischl, T. (2010). Community-based organizational capacity building as a strategy to reduce racial health disparities. *The Journal of Primary Prevention*, *31*(1), 31-39.

⁵ McKinsey & Company. Social Sector Practice: The Organizational Capacity Assessment Tool (OCAT): 2.0.; 2013.



How was this survey developed?

A team of evaluation experts from the Central Valley Community Foundation and Sankofa Consulting conducted a literature review of existing definitions and frameworks used to measure or assess organizational capacity. The literature review revealed numerous organizational capacity evaluation frameworks and tools, many of which are summarized in comprehensive literature review conducted by Informing Change and the William and Flora Hewlett Foundation.⁶ Few existing instruments have been tested for reliability and validity.

The most commonly used tool, McKinsey's Organizational Capacity Assessment Tool (OCAT) 2.0, was selected as the primary source for the abbreviated survey. Other theoretically based instruments were considered, including the Marguerite Casey Foundation Organizational

Capacity Assessment Tool⁷; the Cultural Investment Portfolio Organizational Capacity Measurement Tool,8 and the Organizational Capacity Assessment Tool.9 The OCAT was chosen for its accessible framework and acceptability across various nonprofit organizations.¹⁰

The 34 items in the abbreviated survey were selected based on their relevance to DRIVE initiatives' work supporting inclusive economic growth. Two evaluation experts independently reviewed and selected OCAT survey items, results were compared, and discrepancies discussed. The resulting abbreviated version of the OCAT includes 34 items, taken directly from the original OCAT without modification. For each item, descriptive statistics will be reported for the percentage of initiatives that endorse each answer option.

- Informing Change, (2017), A guide to organizational capacity assessment tools: Finding and using the right tool for the job, William and Flora Hewlett Foundation Effective Philanthropy Group.
- Marguerite Casey Foundation (MCF). Organizational capacity assessment tool. 2012; McKinsey & Company. Effective capacity building in nonprofit organizations. Venture Philanthropy Partners; 2001.
- 8 Mass Cultural Council. Cultural Investment Portfolio Organizational Capacity Measurement Tool. Accessed at https://www.massculturalcouncil.org/ documents/CIP_Capacity_Measurement_Tool.pdf
- New Partners Technical Assistance Initiative (NuPITA) Project (2012). United States Agency for International Development (USAID). John Snow, Inc.,
- 10 McKinsey & Company. Social Sector Practice: The Organizational Capacity Assessment Tool (OCAT): 2.0.; 2013.







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